Carolina Observer.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. THURSDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1825.

[VOL. X.—31.] [NO. 447.

TH PUBLISHED, EVERY THURSDAY,
EDWARD J. HALE,
s per annum, payable in advance.

MENTS inserted for 60 cents per
rst, and 30 cents for each succeed-
Advertisers are requested to state
sertions desired, or they will be con-
r orders, and charged accordingly.
Editor must be post paid.

At Auction.

n Deed or Deeds of Trust, made to
scribers, by James Townes.

day, 23d January next,

e sold on very liberal terms, made
day of sale, the following valuable

nd Lot on the south side of Hay-
rick Row, fitted up for a Store and
door to A. Turner's Store.

itable right of James Townes,
improvements on the north side of
upied by Willkings & Co. as an Auc-

ted interest in the town of Jef-
mery county.

Spring place, within two miles
House, containing 10 acres of Land,
so as to afford a comfortable Summer
mily.

Story Frame House on Mumford
ery convenience for a family.
Lot on Hay-street, adjoining Mr.
ersmith shop.
Campbellton.
nd Lot in do.
nt Lots in do.
y of a Lot on Winslow-street,
of the projected Canal Basin.
Hay-Mount, containing one acre,
ation for a summer retreat.
ty of 10¼ acres, immediately in
lot above mentioned. Also,
res of the Steam Boat Stock, and
Calves.

JOHN CLARKE,
ROBT. STRANGE, } *Trustees.*
W. L. M'NEILL.

WILLKINGS & CO. *Auct'rs.*
25. 46-tds

BANK BOOK MANUFACTURY,

SIGN OF THE LEDGER,
posite the Lafayette Hotel.

criber informs his friends and the pub-
he continues to manufacture Blank
shortest notice—He has on hand the
ch are made of the best of paper, and
most durable manner. Merchants
k Books are invited to
fore purchasing—

gers,
nals,
Books.
ord do.
ice do.
er do.
do.
morandum do.
hering do.
y do.

th a general assortment of STATIONARY,
be sold cheap, for cash.

JAMES HADLOCK.
r 21, 1825. 46—4w

Confectionaries.

scriber, in addition to his usual stock,
t receiving

Fresh and General Supply

wing articles, which are recommended to
n of country dealers, and will be disposed
Wholesale or retail:

ums Figs,
es Moscatel Raisins,
ounds soft shell Almonds,
do. Palm Nuts,
do Filberts,
adria Crackers, Oranges,
ra Wine,
els Newburgh Ale,
ac Brandy, Jamaica Rum,
nd Gin, Lime Juice,
ials of every description,
Candies, a general assortment,
sh Segars, and
r's Scotch Snuff—

ALSO,

mon, and Rose Soap,
Soldoc,
man's Drops,
her Salts,
ptior,
ages, &c. &c.

which are offered for sale on the lowest
r cash.

DAVID SHAW.
eville, Dec. 20, 1825. 46—4w

For Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale, that *VALUABLE PLANTATION*, in the vicinity of this town, containing 120 to 130 acres, adjoining Fear river, Cross creek, and the lands of Shaw,—about 114 acres of which are under cultivation.—This land is well adapted to the cultivation of cotton, corn and wheat, and has attached to it excellent Fisheries. The terms will be one, two and three years credit, the purchaser giving bond with approved security, bearing interest from date, and a lien on the property, the interest to be paid semi-annually. For further particulars, apply to

MARY BARGE.
Fayetteville, Dec. 22, 1825—46-4t

J. F. & John Lippitt

Have just received,

Hhds prime retailing Molasses,
10 casks Cheese,
Coffee.

ALSO, FOR SALE,

Bushels of Liverpool Salt, deliverable in Wilmington.

Fayetteville, Dec. 7, 1825—44tf

Female Seminary.

MRS. PEABODY,

WILL open the above institution at her house, on Monday, the 2d January, 1826, for the instruction of young Ladies in all the various branches of polite literature. The branches taught, and terms of tuition per quarter, as follows:—

Branches in Literature.

Orthography,	$1	Elocution,	$1
Penmanship,	1	Arithmetic,	1
English Grammar,	1	Geography,	1
History,	1	Philosophy,	1
Astronomy,	1	Chymistry,	1
Composition,	1	Logic,	1

Fancy, and Ornamental Branches.

Feligree work,	$3
Perspective Drawing,	5
Painting on Velvet and Silk,	5
Wax work,	8
Lace and Silk Embroidery,	3
Painting in Water Colours,	5
Oil Painting on Canvass,	8
Artificial Flowers,	8
Map Drawing,	3

Young Ladies from the country can be accommodated with board in the Seminary, on reasonable terms. Every attention shall be paid to the morals of the pupils, and every effort made to excite emulation and accelerate their improvement.

Fayetteville, Dec. 20, 1825. 46-4w

Advertisement.

TO be sold at the Town House, on the 13th of January next, a Negro woman named Betty, belonging to the estate of Neil Graham, deceased. Six months credit, by giving bond with approved security.

At the same time will be hired for twelve months, a negro girl named Margaret, and a negro boy named Jim. Security will be required for the hire of the negroes, and to have two suits of clothes, a hat and blanket, at the end of the year, and the expences of Medicines, &c. to be paid

ARCHIBALD McFADYEN,
Administrator de bonis.

Fayetteville, Dec. 20, 1825—46tds.

Look Here.

AT last November Court, a BAY HORSE, the property of the subscriber, was taken from Pittsborough, by a Mr. Womble through mistake, I presume, he thinking him to be his own horse. Mr. Womble, rode him to his residence, (Deep River, Chatham county, N. C.) during which time it seems he was unable to discover his error—he still supposing him to be his horse—let him loose, thinking he would continue about his plantation, but has never since been heard of.—He is a horse of ordinary size, and trots tolerably hard, his hind feet are white, extending ten or twelve inches above the hoof; his ears are remarkably small. There are no other particular marks remembered. Any information respecting him will be thankfully received and liberally rewarded by the subscriber, living in Orange county, N. C. near

December 6, 1825—46-3t

N. B. Intelligence can be directed to Haw River Post Office, N. C

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, December Term, 1825.

Isam Prince, vs. Timothy Spence, Administrator of Nicholas Prince, decd.	Constable's return. "Levied on two pieces of Land on Hector's creek."

IT appearing to the court, that William Prince, one of the heirs at law of Nicholas Prince, decd is not an inhabitant of this state, so that the process of the law cannot be served on him. *Ordered therefore*, That publication be made in the Carolina Observer for three months, that the said William Prince appear before the Justices of said court, on the first Monday in March next, at the court house in Fayetteville, to shew cause, if any he has, why the lands levied on as aforesaid, should not be sold to satisfy Plaintiffs' demand, or judgments *pro confesso* will be taken as to him.

46 Test, JNO. ARMSTRONG, *Clk.*

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, December Term, 1825.

The President, Directors & Co. of the Bank of the United States. vs. John Hinton & Samuel C. Brame.	Original Attachment. Levied on Lands, Houses and Lots.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the Defendents are not inhabitants of this state: *Therefore ordered*, That publication be made in the Corolina Observer for three months, that the Defendants appear at next term of this court, to be held at the court house in Fayetteville, on the first Monday in March next, replevy and plead to issue, or judgment final by default will be entered against them for the amount of Plaintiffs demand, and the property levied on, sold to satisfy the same.

46 Test, JNO. ARSTRONG, *Clk.*

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, December Term, 1825.

Justin L. Edwards, vs. Calvin Gillett.	Original Attachment. Levied on one Jersey Wagon, two sets of Harness & Bridles.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendant, is not an inhabitant of this state: *Therefore ordered*, That publication be made in the Carolina Observer for three months, that the Defendant appear at next term of this court, to be held at the court house in Fayetteville, on the first Monday in March next, replevy and plead to issue, or judgment final by default will be entered against him for the amount of Plaintiffs demand, and the property levied on, sold to satisfy the same.

46 Test, JNO. ARMSTRONG, *Clk.*

THE Subscriber has authorised EDWARD L. WINSLOW to collect all sums of money due the late concern of Winslow & Huske, and to grant discharges therefor.

JNO. HUSKE, *Surviving Partner.*

April 13, 1825—10-tf

CASH or Shoe Leather, given for *HIDES* and *DEER SKINS*, By

McNEILL & KIRKLAND.

November 29 1825—43tf

20,000 Lbs. of prime Barbadoes SUGAR, in barrels and half barrels.
100 bags of Green Coffee.
100 pieces of heavy 42 inch Cotton Bagging.
2500 Bale Rope.
30 barrels New England Rum.
15 hhds. Molasses.
500 Salt Sacks.
30 barrels of Mackerel. *For sale by*

JNO. HUSKE.

Sept. 6, 1825—31-tf

4000 BUSHELS first quality Turk's Island SALT, stored in the Steam Boat Warehouse, for sale, in quantities to suit purchasers, at a low price.

JNO. HUSKE.

Sept. 6, 1825—31-tf

FISH!

130 Barrels Herrings, (Brownrigg's brand,) just received, and for sale, by

M'NEILL & KIRKLAND.

*August 4—74**

Just received and for Sale.

10 Casks Tanner's Oil,
70 Kegs White Lead, ground in Oil.

JNO. HUSKE.

Fayetteville, Sept. 27, 1825—34tf

Brilliant Distribution of Prizes!

ALLENS' OFFICE, Baltimore, November 9, 1825.

Drawing of the

GRAND STATE LOTTERY OF MARYLAND.

No. †11258					the great capital prize of	$30,000
†38010					do do do	10,000
34992					do do do	5,000
†26539	781	5934	14419	19718	prizes of	1,000
†17234	7069	32033	8418	23027		
†24614	16530					
†32676	3527					
†34764	36260				prizes of	
†38720	25488					
†39854	14654					
†12568	13227	13896	10753			
†12269	21472	16407	10591			
†27312	33523	12629				
†34287	33695	8734			prizes of	100
†38046	19246	1359				
†38012	34629	4186				
†39260	18179	9742				
†37672	962	23119	44438			
†21353	20588	25696	17881			
†38949	3104	29701	19542			
†39506	3846	28603	13572			
†27614	2541	15670	15701			
†17224	3433	18094	21009			
†24601	4668	21057	20588			
†18780	3107	31204	21353		prizes of	50
†28365	8653	31656	23923			
†37314	12104	34954	24126			
†30993	11787	35932	30634			
†32887	14743	37071	33343			
†17203	14031	38592				
†12567	19724	1423				
†34943	37482	9530				
100 prizes of						20
200 do of						10
400 do of						5
20000 do of						4

☞All marked thus (†) sold at ALLENS' OFFICE, where the *Cash* is ready for the same as soon as presented.

SPLENDID DISTRIBUTION OF PRIZES:
ALL IN ONE DAY.
SECOND CONSOLIDATED

Grand State Lottery of Md.

By an improved mode of Drawing, and to be drawn under the superintendence of the Commissioners of Lotteries.

On the 15th of February next.

Highest Prize $100,000.

SPLENDID SCHEME:

1	prize of $100,000 is	$100,000
1	30,000	30,000
1	20,000	20,000
1	10,000	10,000
1	5,000	5,000
15	1,000	15,000
10	500	5,000
50	100	5,000
100	50	5,000
100	20	2,000
500	12	6,000
10,500	10	105,000
35,500 Tickets.		$308,000

MODE OF DRAWING.—The numbers will be put into one wheel as usual—and in the other will be put the prizes *above* the denomination of ten dollars, and the drawing to progress in the usual manner. The 10,500 prizes of Ten Dollars will be awarded to the tickets, the numbers of which end with the terminating figure of either of the three first drawn numbers from the wheel of *different* terminations.

To illustrate which, suppose 13,562—8,365 and 29,868 to be the first drawn numbers, then every Ticket in the Lottery ending with the figures 2—5 and 8 will be entitled to a prize of Ten Dollars.—A ticket drawing a superior prize will not be restricted from drawing an inferior one also. Every prize payable in *CASH*, sixty days after the drawing—subject to a deduction of fifteen per cent.

Whole Tickets	$10	Quarters	$2 50
Halves	5	Eighths	1 25

To be had in the greatest variety of numbers, at

Allens'

LOTTERY AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,
166 Market street, Baltimore.

Where in the last State Lottery were sold *both* the Capital Prizes, No. 11,258, $30,000, and 38 010, $10,000 and in *late* State Lotteries the $20,000 and the $10,000—and in a former State Lottery the great prize of $100,000—and where have been sold and paid prizes amounting to

SEVERAL MILLIONS OF DOLLARS.

☞Orders enclosing Cash or Prize Tickets, post paid, from any part of the Union, promptly attended to. Address

S. & M. ALLEN & CO. Baltimore.

November 15, 1825—42tf

Hay Mount School.

THE First Quarter of the Winter Term, of this Institution, will commence again on the first Monday in January next.

F. A. MORELL.

Fayetteville, Dec. 21, 1825—46-3w

Managers' Office.

(By authority of the State of New York.)

SPLENDID LOTTERY,

To be drawn in the City of New York, on the 4th of January, 1826,
And finished in 5 minutes.

45 NUMBERS—6 BALLOTS TO BE DRAWN.
Each Ticket having 3 Numbers in Combination.

J. B. YATES & A. M'INTYRE, *Managers.*

SCHEME
OF THE
New York State Literature Lottery,
CLASS 3, FOR 1826.

1	prize of	$100,000	is	100,000
1	-	50,000	-	50,000
1	-	20,000	-	20,000
1	-	10,000	-	10,000
2	-	5,000	-	10,000
4	-	2,500	-	10,000
10	-	2,000	-	20,000
39	-	1,000	-	39,000
78	-	500	-	39,000
468	-	100	-	46,800
4,446	-	50	-	222,300
5,051 Prizes,				$567,600
9,139 Blanks.				

Less than Two Blanks to a Prize.

PRICE OF TICKETS:

Whole	$50	Quarter	$12 50
Half	25	Eighth	6 25

This is the most magnificent Scheme that has ever been offered for the patronage of the friends of Lottery adventure in America. The small number of Tickets, and the unexampled demand for them, is a sufficient warrant, that there will not be a chance left, for weeks before the day fixed for the drawing, and that the price of Tickets will shortly rise to 60 dollars.

☞ Gentlemen are therefore requested to be early in their application, as all Orders actually mailed before the rise will be entitled to be supplied at the present rates.

*** Notes of the Bank of the United States and its Branches, and, generally, the Notes of all Banks that pay specie, received at par.

Also. Mercantile Drafts at sight, on any of the large Cities, and Prize Tickets received freely in payment.

All Letters to be post-paid.

The Mails may be relied on as being perfectly safe for all remittances.

YATES & M'INTYRE,
Washington City.

STOP THE MURDERER!

300 Dollars Reward.

THE Subscribers pledge their sacred honor to pay to any gentleman or to any person or persons whatever, that will at any time in the course of twelve months from the date hereof, apprehend and deliver to either of us, or to any Sheriff in the State of North Carolina, the living body of a certain *JOSEPH SOLLIS*, late of Duplin county, who now stands charged by a verdict of an Inquest convened by the coroner of Duplin county, of the wilful murder of Abram Kornegay, late of said county.

The said Sallis is about 5 feet 6 or 8 inches high, between 30 and 40 years of age, of a swarthy complection, a very large black beard, black hair and eyes, slow and lazy spoken, a grave and low voice, a weak and designing sly look, some scars on his forehead, near the border of the hair, spreads his mouth very wide when he laughs, the upper fore teeth somewhat defective.

BRYAN KORNEGAY,
HENRY KORNEGAY.

November 9, 1825—40 tf

Thirty Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, in Richmond county, N. C. while on his way to his residence in Alabama, on the morning of the 27th inst. three Negro Men, named *LUKE, SANDY* and *BILLY*.

Luke is 24 years of age, 6 feet high, yellow complexion, has lost a lower fore tooth, had on a tarpauling hat, yellow mixed domestic cloth short jacket, black waistcoat and blue striped trowsers.

Sandy is a mulatto, 28 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, wore a fur hat, much worn, dark mixed northern homespun short jacket, blue striped homespun trowsers.

Billy is very black, about 27 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high; speaks quick, wore a blue cloth short jacket, check shirt, blue homespun trowsers.

The above reward will be given for the apprehension of these negroes, and their confinement in jail, so that the subscriber may regain them, or ten dollars will be given for securing either of them.

Any information respecting them will be received at the Post Office, Fayetteville, by THOMAS MOULTON, at Kenansville, N. C. or by

WILLIAM PEACOCK,
Montgomery, Alabama.

August 29, 1825—30tf

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

COLUMBUS COUNTY.

John H. White, vs. John Rawls.	In Equity.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that John Rawls is not an inhabitant of this State.—*Ordered*, that publication be made in the Carolina Observer, for six weeks successively, for him to appear at the next Term of this Court, to be held the second Monday after the fourth Monday in March next, at the Court-House in Whitesville, then and there to plead, answer, or demur, or the bill will be taken pro confesso, and heard ex parte.

WILLIAM BALDWIN, c. m. e.
45-6w

A Tanner.

THE Snbscriber having declined the Tanning Business, offers for sale, for cash, or on a liberal credit, a young and valuable workman, about 28 years old, and one of the first rate.

W. P. LEAK.

Rockingham, Richmond c'ty, N. C.
Nov. 11—42-tJ1

☞Advertisements, communications, &c. for the editor of the Observer, may be left at the Post Office, when it is inconvenient to bring them to the Observer office.

LAFAYETTE HOTEL,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THIS spacious and convenient House will be open on the 10th October, for the accommodation of the Public. Besides a large number of comfortable single Bed rooms, so much desired by travellers, this Establishment contains several handsome Drawing Rooms and Apartments, particularly suited for the reception of families. Boarders, with or without lodgings, will also be accommodated. The Furniture and Bedding are entirely new; and, as the Proprietor intends keeping the House in the most genteel style, he confidently hopes to receive a share of public patronage.

CLEMENT TRACY.

September 28, 1825—34tf

Notice.

I HEREBY forwarn all persons from purchasing a certain parcel of Notes due Daniel McKinnon Stomper, which notes I gave him November, 1821, if I remember aright. One was due January 1822, one January 1823, another January 1824, all amounting to seventy dollars which notes I am determined not to pay, as I neither have received nor expect to receive value for them.

JOHN McKINNON.

November 5, 1825—41-tf

Notice.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between John A. Cameron and James Townes, under the firm and title of Cameron & Townes, being dissolved, and all the effects of said concern having been conveyed in trust to the subscribers, for purposes therein expressed—

This is to give notice, to all indebted to said concern, to come forward as soon as possible and pay their respective balances to either of the subscribers, who alone are authorised to receive and grant receipts for the same.

WM. CAMERON,
JOHN M. DOBBIN,
Agents and Attorneys for the late firm of Cameron & Townes.

15th March, 1825—6-tf

G. M. Hamilton,

MOST respectfully informs the citizens of Fayetteville, and the public in general, that he has commenced, and intends carrying on, the

Scouring, Spunging, and Hot-Pressing Business.

Ladies' Habits and Pelises, Gentlemen's Coats, Pantaloons, Vests, &c. &c. Repaired, Finedrawed, and Re-Carded in a superior manner, to appear nearly equal to new.

Having devoted considerable time, study, and labor, to bring this most useful branch to perfection, for the use of his fellow citizens, he is conscious, that from the perfect knowledge he has of his business, and the punctuality and despatch with which he will give entire satisfaction. I wish to refer the public of the old saying, that, "*a stitch in time, saves nine.*"

*** Mr. *Hamilton* can be found every day at his Store, (Sundays excepted) next door to Mr. Brown's on Gillespie-street.

December, 14, 1825. 45-4t

Notice.

THE undersigned, having formed a Copartnership for the transaction of business in this place, under the firm of Robert H. Taylor & Co. Take this method of informing the public, that they have now received a general assortment of Staple Articles in the *DRY GOOD* line, together with a choice selection of *GROCERIES*, for family use: All of which they will sell at moderate prices for Cash, or such articles of produce as may suit them.

ROBERT H. TAYLOR,
WM. & EDM'D TOWNES.

Fayetteville, 5th Dec. 1825—44-3t

N. B.—Mr. James Townes is fully authorized to transact the business in the above concern for and on our account WM. & EDM'D TOWNES.

Gun Powder.

Rogers' *Orange* Gun Powder of N. Y.

THIS Article, acknowledged to be superior, wherever it is known, is manufactured on new and improved principles, as conspicuously appears from an Orange *stain* thrown out on its ignition, a peculiarity possessed by no other Powder, strongly indicating the absence of all Alkalis, and rendering it well adapted to resist the effects of a salt or humid atmosphere.

It is *warranted* to possess the greatest degree of strength and quickness, and to contain only about one fourth of the quantity of residuum, or incombustible matter, which is found in the best English Powder.

It may be had by the quantity, single keg, or at retail, from

J. & S. BIRDSALL, Agents.
Fayetteville.

Experiments having been made of this Powder by one of the first Chemists and Engineers in this country, who found it to possess all the qualities above described, and whose certificate is in the hands of the Agents—Purchasers not satisfied after making trial of the Powder will have their money returned with the expense of transportation.

J. & S. B.

Fayetteville, Nov. 23—42-9t.

Drafts at sight, on Baltimore, Philadelphia and New-York,

in sums to suit purchasers, for sale, and South-Carolina and Georgia money, purchased by

O. P. STARK.

April 19.—12tf

Patent Cooking Stove for Sale.

A *COOKING STOVE*, with Copper Boilers and apparatus complete, in the use of which there is great convenience and economy of fuel. Warranted complete. Apply to

MARTIN MAC PHERSON, Sen.

Nov. 7, 1825—40-tf

Sheriffs' Deeds.

JUST printed, and for sale at the Post Office, and at the *Observer Office*.

At either of which places, Blanks of almost any description may be procured. Dec. 1

ANNUAL TREASURY REPORT.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
22d. Dec. 1825.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit a Report, prepared in obedience to the "Act supplementary to the act to establish the Treasury Department."

I have the honor to be, with great respect, Sir, your obedient servant,

RICHARD RUSH.

The Hon. Speaker of the
House of Representatives.

In obedience to the directions of the Act supplementary to the Act, entitled "An Act to establish the Treasury Department," passed on the 10th of May, 1800, the Secretary of the Treasury has the honor to submit to Congress the following Report:

1. *Of the Public Revenue and Expenditure of the years* 1824 *and* 182[illegible].

There being no direct taxes of any kind, duties of excise, or other internal duties, in operation under the authority of the United States, the public revenue, by their existing laws, arises almost entirely from duties upon foreign merchandize imported, and upon tonnage, and from the sale of the public lands. There are other branches, from which small and occasional receipts are derived: as dividends on Bank Stock, the Post Office, arrearages of taxes due under the former laws, and other incidental payments, the aggregate of which, whether from temporary or permanent sources, is inconsiderable, as will appear by statements annexed to this report, where all are recapitulated. The receipts from the Post Office, indeed, have of late years exceeded a million of dollars annually; but this sum, exhausted for the most part in defraying the expenses of that extensive and useful establishment, performs in this manner the highest purposes of revenue, by contributing to the intercourse, the trade, and the prosperity of the country.

The net revenue which accrued from duties on imports and tonnage, during the year 1824, amounted to	$20,385,430 42
The actual receipts into the Treasury from all sources, during the year 1824, amounted, (including the loan of five millions, at 4 1-2 per cent. interest, to discharge Florida claims, to	$24,381,212 79
Making, with the balance in the Treasury on the 1st of January, 1824, of	9,463,922 81
An aggregate of	$33,845,135 60

The regular and permanent expenditures of the United States divide themselves into two principal branches: First, the sums authorised by law for defraying the whole expenses of the Government, Domestic and Foreign, Civil, Military, and Naval. 2d. Those provided for the payment of the interest and principal of the Public Debt.

The actual expenditures of the nation, on all accounts, during the year 1824, amounted to	$31,898,538 47
Leaving a balance in the Treasury, on the 1st of January, 1825, of	1,946,597 13

The difference between this balance and that stated in the last Annual Report from the Treasury, is reconciled by the facts, that the balance, last year, was given as an estimated balance, subject to correction by actual settlement afterwards, and that it included the moiety of the loan of five millions, under the act of May the 26th, 1824, which was not paid into the Treasury until after the first of January.

The actual receipts into the Treasury during the three first quarters of the year 1825, are estimated to have amounted to	$21,681,444 56
And the actual receipts into the Treaurury during the fourth quarter of the year, are estimated at	5,100,000 00
Making the total estimated receipts into the Treasury, during the year 1825	26,781,444 56
And, with the balance in the Treasury on the 31st December, 1824, of	1,946,597 13
An aggregate of	28,728,041 69
The expenditures during the three first quarters of the year 1825, are estimated to have amounted to	$20,190,979 91
And the expenditures during the 4th quarter are estimated at	3,253,000 00
Making the total estimated expenditure of the year 1825	23,443,979 91
And leaving in the Treasury, on the 1st of January, 1826, an estimated balance of	5,284,061 78

Should the expectations formed respecting the receipts in the fourth quarter be realized, the amount of receipts for the whole year will have exceeded the estimate presented by the Treasury, at the last session of Congress, by about 500,000.

It is to be remarked, that, of the above estimated balance of $5,284,061 78, the sum of $3,500,000 is not subject to appropriation, being the estimated amount that will remain, on the 31st of December next, unsatisfied of appropriations heretofore made. These appropriations being necessary for the objects for which they were severally made, are still an existing charge upon the means of the Treasury. Of the residuary balance of $1,784,061 78, it is proper distinctly to state, that about one million cannot be counted upon in any estimate of effective funds for the public service. It is made up of debts due from various Banks, whose notes were received by the Government during the suspension of specie payments, or which were heretofore used as banks of deposite; debts, of which the recovery must, in regard to a large part, be doubtful, and, in any case, slow. It may be proper to add, that the permanent deposites generally, made in State Banks, have recently been withdrawn, or put in train to be so: the public exigencies which rendered it necessary to make them, in common with those on which the losses abovementioned are likely to occur, no longer existing. Such portions of the deposites as may still remain in any of these institutions, will be further withdrawn, as circumstances may render just and expedient, until these operations are closed; nor will they be renewed where it may be avoidable.

It may be proper, also, to state, that directions have lately been issued to all the Receivers and Collectors of the Public Revenue, not to receive, in any payments made to them, bank notes of any of the State Banks of less amount than five dollars. In discountenancing a species of paper circulation deemed to be objectionable, reference was had to the authority and example of Congress upon this point, as seen in the prohibition to the Bank of the United States, and to the Banks existing in the District of Columbia, against issuing notes of a lower denomination. To guard against all inconvenience to individuals, from the adoption of this measure by the Treasury, especially in the districts where the public lands are sold, an adequate previous notice was directed to precede its enforcement.

II. *Of the Public Debt.*

The total amount of funded debt due on the first of October, 1825, was $80,985,537 72.

The amount of Treasury Notes outstanding on the first of October, 1825, is estimated at $16,600.

And the amount of Mississippi Stock, unredeemed on that day, including awards not applied for, at $7,850 17.

The foregoing recapitulation exhibits the precise amount of the public debt now due, as well as the different periods at which, by the terms of the several loans under which it was contracted, the United States are at liberty to pay it off.

Of the sum of 11,074,987 79, mentioned under the head of expenditures for 1825, as having been paid off in that year, 7,727,052 19, were on account of principal of the debt, and the remainder on account of interest during the three first quarters of the year. Nearly the whole of the principal, thus paid, was outstanding at an interest of 6 per cent. Looking to the above recapitulation, it appears that, in the years 1826 and 1827, a larger amount of debt becomes redeemable than it will fall within the ordinary surplus means of the Government to pay in the course of those years, viz. a sum exceeding sixteen millions in the former, and thirteen millions in the latter year. Both these portions of the debt are, also, at interest of six per cent. In 1828, the amount redeemable is at a point which, it may be hoped, the stated means of the Treasury, for that year, will reach the ability to pay off, increasing as the process of reduction advances, both by the increasing means of the nation and the annual liberation of interest on the amount of debt reduced. But, in the year 1829, only a very small amount becomes redeemable, viz: less than one million, and, in the year 1830, a sum no larger.

At the period of the last annual report from the Treasury, no portion of the debt became redeemable in either of those years; and, with a view to a more equal diffusion of payments, as well as to effect a saving in interest, it was recommended that the excess of debt which could not, by the ordinary resources of the Treasury, be discharged in 1826 and 1827—the debt redeemable in the former year, then standing at 19,000,000,—should be thrown, in equal portions, upon the years 1829 and 1830. To carry this recommendation into effect, so far as applied to the year 1826, a loan of twelve milions was recommended at 5 per cent., one-half to be redeemable in 1829, the other half in 1830; the entire twelve millions being intended to constitute a fund with which, in conjunction with the annual surplus means of the Treasury, to pay off the nineteen millions redeemable in 1826. The principle of the recommendation was adopted by Congress, but not its precise terms. An act was passed on the 3d of March, 1825, authorizing an exchange of stock to the amount of twelve millions of dollars, at four and a half per cent., for a stock of like amount at six per cent., the latter being so much of the stock of 1813 as was intended by the Act to be redeemed. The act also authorized a loan to the same amount, and at the same rate of interest, to accomplish the same object; both modes not to be pursued, if either succeeded. The new stock of four and a half per cent., whether proceeding from the exchange or the loan, was, by the terms of the act, to be subject to redemption in 1829 and 1830, in equal portions. The proper measures were taken to execute this Act, but have prevailed only to a limited extent. The operation of exchange, which was first resorted to, took effect to the amount of 1,585,138 88; and this sum, divided into equal parts, forms the two sums that now stand in the general table of the debt, as redeemable in the years 1829 and 1830, whilst they have also served to diminish, by so much, the six per cent. stock of 1813. Proposals for a loan for the residue of the sum wanted were next issued; but no offers were received. The causes of the failure, it may be presumed, were, the low rate of interest, and short periods of redemption, held out by the act, in conjunction with an activity in the commercial and manufacturing operations of the country, affording higher inducements to the investment of capital. This mode of dealing with the debt, whereby, through the instrumentality of new loans, stock at a high interest is converted into stock at a reduced interest, and whereby, also, the extinguishment of the principal is made to fall in payments as nearly equal as may be, throughout a given number of years, is evidently advantageous to the public; since it not only lessens the national expenditure, on account of interest, but guards against the possible accumulation of money in the Treasury, in years when it might remain inactive, towards the progressive reduction of the debt. As it is a mode fully sanctioned by Congress heretofore, it is respectfully recommended on this occasion, that an Act be passed at an early day of the session, giving authority to borrow 9,000,000 of dollars, at an interest not [illegible] cent., redeemable [illegible] and 1830, in order that the Treasury may be enabled to pay off, in 1826, the entire remaining amount of the six per cent. stock of 1813, redeemable in that year. Nine millions, with the disposable means which the Treasury will probably have at command in 1826, it is believed, will form a sum commensurate with this object. Five per cent. is named, as the maximum of interest; and, considering the short periods of redemption, it is not probable that the loan could be obtained at a lower rate. The contingencies of the money market might, indeed, produce more favorable offers; but these are not to be counted upon with any approach to that certainty which should form the basis of such a financial operation.

Should the act in question be passed, it is further respectfully recommended that, in the event of the loan being obtained under it, authority be given to issue to the holders of the stock under the third of March last, exchanged stock equal to the amount of the subscription before stated, viz. 1,585,138 88, bearing the same rate of interest as that which may be issued under the act proposed. The two acts will have had precisely the same object. The second, should it succeed, will only have consummated an operation which will date its inception from the first. It is therefore considered that it will belong to a proper estimate of good faith to place the stockholders under both acts upon a footing of equality. Those who were willing to accede to the terms of the Government at an early day in this transaction, should not be left in a worse situation than those who may have held back in the hope of better offers. Let all be treated alike. It is thus that the Government will exalt itself before the nation. It is thus that, substituting an expanded justice for the mere letter of a bargain, it will be likely to invite still larger confidence in future. It is thus that it will ultimately be the gainer, by that connection invariably subsisting between the permanent interest of every Government, and its standing of unimpeachable and spontanous equity in the eyes of the public creditor.

Should an act for the loan of nine millions be passed, a considerable surplus of debt at six per cent. will still remain to be provided for, for the service of 1827. More than thirteen millions of the stock of 1814 becoming redeemable in 1827, the whole cannot be redeemed in that year but with the aid of a loan. A loan of six millions would be sufficient, in all probability, for this purpose, and is accordingly recommended. The interest not to exceed five per cent. and the amount to be also subject to redemption in 1829 and 1830, in equal portions. The effect of the two loans recommended, which it would be most desirable to authorize in distinct acts, would, it is believed, be, to enable the Government to redeem the whole of the six per cent. stock of 18[illegible] and 1827. It would also throw upon each of the years 1829 and 1830, an amount of debt equal to about eight millions and a half, instead of less than one million, according to the distribution as at present existing. The only remaining stock of six per cent. would then be that of 1815, in amount under nine millions and a half, redeemable in 1828. Should no unforeseen expenditures arise, and a proper economy be kept up in the public administration, it may reasonably be hoped, as before intimated, that the surplus revenue at the disposal of the Treasury in 1828, will be equal to the reimbursement of that sum. After 1830, the whole amount of debt, on the results herein assumed, would stand at about forty millions, full one-half of which will be redeemable at the pleasure of the Government. No portion of it will be at an interest exceeding five per cent. whilst the principal part will be at a rate still lower. With these views of the public debt, so encouraging in their bearing upon its speedy, certain, and regular extinguishment, it is not deemed necessary to recommend at present any other measures in relation to it than the two loans described.

(Remainder next week.)

Kentucky.—From the seat of government of this State our dates are to the 7th of the month, at which time discord still prevailed between the two branches of the Legislature—the old Court party having a majority of about 24 in the House of Representatives, and the new Court a majority of two or three votes in the Senate. In the former body, by a still larger majority, resolutions have been adopted, cautioning and advising the Auditor and Treasurer of the State not to pay the salaries of the Judges of the new Court; also, expressing an opinion decidedly in favor of the power of the Judges of the old Court to coerce a restoration of the papers, records, and public property, taken from their old Clerk by the Clerk of the new Court; also, expressing the opinion that the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Senators and Representatives, ought all to resign their offices at the close of the present session, and that they be invited to do so. A state of great exasperation of the two parties, one against another, appears to exist at Frankfort.

The public may ere long, look for another "WAVERLY NOVEL;" the author is said to be engaged in a work, the scene of which is laid on the shores of Fife.—*U. S. Gaz.*

Thirty-three thousand eight hundred and twelve FREE letters were despatched from Washington the first week of the session of Congress.—*Ib.*

It was observed of a celebrated physician, that he never said, in company, "I drink your health," but "My service to you."

CONGRESS.

SENATE.

Monday, Dec. 19.

The following Select Committees were announced as having been appointed by the Chair, pursuant to the resolution adopted on Thursday last:

On amending the Constitution.—Messrs. Benton, Van Buren, Dickerson, Holmes, Johnson of Ken., Hayne, Macon, White, Findlay.

On the Organization of the Executive Departments.—Messrs. Seymour, Bell, Rowan, Branch, Cobb.

Mr. Cobb submitted the following Resolution:

Resolved, That the committee appointed on Thursday last to enquire into the expediency of amending the Constitution of the United States, in relation to the mode of electing the President and Vice President, be further instructed to inquire into the expediency of so amending the Constitution as to prohibit the appointment of any Senators or Representatives in Congress to any office of honor, trust, or profit, under the authority of the United States, during the period for which such Senators or Representatives shall have been elected.

Tuesday, Dec. 20.

Mr. Van Buren submitted the following resolution for consideration:

Resolved, That Congress does not possess the power to make Roads and Canals, within the respective States.

Resolved, That a select Committee be appointed with instructions to prepare and report a joint resolution for an amendment to the Constitution, prescribing and defining the power Congress shall have over the subject of Internal Improvements, and subjecting the same to such restrictions as shall effectually protect the sovereignty of the respective States, and secure to them a just distribution of the benefits resulting from all appropriations made for that purpose.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Friday, December 16.

Mr. Hamilton, of S. C. offered the following resolution for consideration:

Resolved, That the President of the United States be requested to transmit to this House copies of all such documents or parts of correspondence, (not incompatible with the public interest to be communicated,) relating to an invitation which has been extended to the Government of this country "by the Republics of Colombia, of Mexico, and of Central America, to join the deliberations of a Congress to be held at the Isthmus of Panama," and which has induced him to signify to this House, that "ministers on the part of the U. States will be commissioned to join in those deliberations."

This resolution lies one day, of course.

Monday, Dec. 19.

On motion of Mr. Reed of Mass. it was

Resolved, That the Committee on Naval Affairs be instructed to enquire into the expediency of establishing a line of communication between the Atlantic and Pacific ocean, through the Isthmus of Panama.

Mr. Ingham of Penn. moved the following:

Resolved, That the report of a Select Committee, made to the House of Representatives at their last session, in relation to the claims of the late President of the United States, be referred to the Committee on Claims.

The Resolve was agreed to.

Washington, Dec. 23.

Fire at the Capitol.—About twelve o'clock last night, Vincent, the sergeant of the guard on duty at the Capitol, perceiving an unusual light in the apartment of the Library of Congress, alarmed the Librarian, who instantly came to the spot, and, on opening the doors, perceived a part of the gallery, (of wood,) which runs round the apartment, to be on fire. He immediately removed the books in the alcove adjoining; and, the alarm being spread, the citizens promptly assembled. An engine and hose were brought, and by the very active exertions of the firemen, aided by a number of Members of Congress, who vied with one another in their exertions to save the Library, the flames were extinguished in less than an hour.

Very few of the Books, and those of little value, are consumed. Many of them, of course, are injured by the wet, and by a hasty removal; but the loss is trifling, to what might have been expected. The ceiling of the Saloon is partly destroyed, and one of the alcoves, of this beautiful apartment. It is believed that the fire originated from a candle, left in the gallery by a gentleman who was reading there till a late hour, and which, being up stairs, was not noticed when the Library was closed.—*Nat. Int.*

Washington, Dec. 21.

We understand that the Senate yesterday confirmed, without a division, the appointment of Mr. Rufus King, as Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Great Britain, and of Mr. John A. King, as Secretary of Legation.

On Saturday last, *John Tyler* of Virginia was elected by the Legislature of that State, Governor for the ensuing year. General *Floyd*, a Representative from that State in Congress, was also a candidate. The vote was, Tyler 131—Floyd 81.

From the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser, Dec. 16.

Surrender of St. Juan de Uloa.—We have the satisfaction to announce that the Spaniards have been forced to abandon the last strong hold they possessed on this side of the whole continent of America. The Castle of St. Juan de Uloa, which has for a long time annoyed the commerce of Mexico, and commanded the entrance into the port of Vera Cruz, was surrendered to the Mexicans on the 17th ult. This agreeable intelligence is by Capt. Fosdick, of the ship Francis, from New-Orleans. He was boarded on the 4th inst. off Havana, by the Mexican brig of war Victory, Capt. Thomas, from Vera Cruz, bound to Havana, with a flag of truce, having on board Gen. Coppinger, the late Governor, and the officers of the Castle. The troops composing the garrison, who were reduced to a few men, were on board of a transport, which separated from the brig the day before.

State Leg[illegible]

Thursday, [illegible]

A communication [illegible] Governor, covering the [illegible] for Internal Improve[illegible] and ordered to be print[illegible]

The bill more effect[illegible] practice of treating at [illegible] third time. Mr. Rand[illegible] bill by adding, "that no [illegible] attend any public gath[illegible] of electioneering;" which [illegible] Mr. Durgan moved for [illegible] ponement; which was [illegible] 55, Nays 63. The bill [illegible] reading, 65 to 56, and was [illegible] ate. [This bill was subs[illegible] in the Senate, by a vote of [illegible]

The House resolved itself [illegible] tee of the whole, Mr. Pull[illegible] the bill to establish a Rail[illegible] after some time spent there[illegible] rose and recommended to [illegible] 1st section of the bill be st[illegible] Iredell moved that the fur[illegible] of the bill and report be [illegible] nitely; which was carried—[illegible]

Friday, Dec. [illegible]

Mr. Burns presented a [illegible] regulation of the town of Be[illegible] a bill giving exclusive juris[illegible] perior Court of Anson of p[illegible] tions of the State; Mr. W[illegible] bill to amend an act, passed [illegible] lishing a Flour Warehouse [illegible] Fayetteville; Mr. Alford, a [illegible] the appointment and power [illegible] beson county; Mr. Burns [illegible] act passed in 1813, direct[illegible] injured by Mill Dams sh[illegible] ceed to recover damages, [illegible] 10th section of an act passed [illegible] ing the duty of millers; M[illegible] repeal part of an act, passed [illegible] ing out the duties of the [illegible] in this State. Which bills [illegible] first time.

Saturday, Dec. [illegible]

Mr. Scott, from the select [illegible] pointed to inquire into the [illegible] tablishing a Medical Board, [illegible] to establish a Medical Soci[illegible] late the practice of Physic [illegible] this State; which was read the [illegible] dered to be printed, and [illegible] of the day for Wednesday next.

The bill to amend an act [illegible] stealing of slaves, &c. passed [illegible] read the third time, and [illegible] its indefinite postponement, [illegible] tived—69 to 40. The ques[illegible] sage was determined in the [illegible] the bill ordered to be engross[illegible]

Monday, Dec. [illegible]

Mr. Miller, from the comm[illegible] to whom was referred the [illegible] Boylan and others, reported [illegible] count of the circumstances [illegible] W. W. Jones offered a resol[illegible] ing the Treasurer to pay to W[illegible] the rest of the heirs of Benj. M[illegible] 67. Which resolution passed [illegible] ing.

Mr. Polk, from the commit[illegible] tions and Grievances, to whom [illegible] mitted the letter of Lewis G[illegible] mington, reported a resolution [illegible] effect the prayer of the said let[illegible] solution was read and passed.

The bill for the better gover[illegible] town of Wadesborough: and [illegible] vent free persons of colour from [illegible] to this State, for the good gover[illegible] persons resident in the state, [illegible] purposes, were read the first time.

Mr. Matthews presented the [illegible] the Cape Fear Navigation Co[illegible] ing for the continuation of the [illegible] ternal Improvement and a Ca[illegible] Mr. Bateman, the petition of B[illegible] tigrew, praying that the work[illegible] him in improving the naviga[illegible] South Fork Creek and Scupper[illegible] be protected and secured to him [illegible] Mr. Gordon, the petition of sun[illegible] of Wilkes, praying that com[illegible] appointed to open a direct road [illegible] ville. Which petitions were re[illegible] er referred to the committee on [illegible] provements, and the latter to the [illegible] of Propositions and Grievances.

Mr. Swain presented the pet[illegible] dry citizens of Buncombe and [illegible] ing for the erection of a new co[illegible] was referred to Messrs. Swain, [illegible] Iredell, A. Moore and Poor.

On motion of Mr. Drake, the [illegible] committee were instructed to in[illegible] the expediency of amending the act [illegible] entitled "An act to prevent [illegible] trading with slaves, so far as to [illegible] slaves from selling cotton to any [illegible] cept their owners, or other perso[illegible] the management of them.

On motion of Mr. Wilson, [illegible]

Resolved, That the Judiciary com[illegible] structed to inquire into the expediency of [illegible] ing the attachment laws, that it may be [illegible] the clerks of the several Courts to ad[illegible] months only on original or judicial attac[illegible] turnable before any Court, instead of three [illegible] as now required by law.

Mr. Scott, from the Judiciary Com[illegible] reported a bill, in conformity with [illegible] going resolution, to amend the fifth [illegible] of an act, entitled "An act to alter [illegible] parts of the act, entitled 'An act for [illegible] blishing Courts of Law, and for re[illegible] the proceedings therein, as may [illegible] proceedings on attachments." Which [illegible] was read the first time.

Tuesday, Dec. 20.

Mr. Scott, from the select com[illegible] whom was referred the memorial of [illegible] bald D. Murphey, reported a bill, to

ate Legisla

Thursday, Dec.
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l Improvements,
to be printed.
more effectually
creating an electi
Mr. Rand move
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public gatherings
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n moved for its
which was also n
. The bill then
to 56, and was s
bill was subseq
e, by a vote of 40
e resolved itself i
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tablish a Bank of
me spent therein,
ommended to the
f the bill be strick
d that the further
nd report be pos
was carried—Yea

Friday, Dec. 16.
presented a bill
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of Anson of pleas
State; Mr. Wm.
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Mr. Alford, a bi
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Mr. Burns, a bil
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of millers; Mr.
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Dec. 20.
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rted a bill, in

prayer of the memorial, entitled
encourage the publication of a his-
scientific work on this state;"
read the first time.
erwood presented a bill for the
lation of Pittsborough, and to in-
the same; Mr. Foy, a bill to in-
Lafayette Lodge, in Onslow coun-
. Caldwell, a bill to incorporate
Carolina Gold Mine Company.—
s were read the first time.
dell, from the joint select commit-
Public Library, reported that in
ce of a difference of opinion exist-
en the Comptroller and the com-
to the construction of one of the
relative to the Library, the com-
instructed him to report the fol-
olution:

That it is the true intent and meaning
ation, passed by the General Assembly
1821, in relation to the Public Library,
of $500 should be thereafter annually
d for the increase of the Library.

resolution was adopted.
k, from the committee of Propo-
d Grievances, reported a resolution
of Sherwood Fort; which was a-

use resolved itself into a commit-
whole, Mr. Sheppard in the Chair,
to prevent protracted litigation
ing the jurisdiction of Justices of
and, after some time spent there-
committee rose, reported progress
ed leave to sit again.

Wednesday, Dec. 21.
N. Smith, from the committee ap-
o conduct the balloting for Major
yetteville corps of Artillery, re-
at Jesse Birdsall was duly elected.
ott, from the Judiciary committee,
was referred the resolution instruct-
to inquire into the expediency of
the present laws, so as to confine
ney General to the Supreme Court,
ted a bill in pursuance to the ob-
he said resolution. Which bill was
first time.
solution from the Senate declaring
ill of a private nature shall be pre-
either House after the 24th instant,
ed to.
otion of Mr. Bain, the Judiciary
e were instructed to inquire into
iety and expediency of so explain-
amending the act of 1799 relative
ts of real estate, given by a pa-
atural born children, either by deed
otherwise, so that in case such
orn child or children die intestate,
estate so given shall return to the
s of such parent.
ott, from the Judiciary committee,
a bill to amend the act of 1816,
an act to amend the laws in force
the trial of slaves in capital cases;
s read the first time.
solution from the Senate, instruct-
Senators, and requesting our Repre-
s, in Congress, to apply to Congress
propriation of money to extinguish
n title to the lands situated in this
s read and adopted.
ill to repeal the 10th section of the
06, directing the manner in which
the Superior Courts shall be ap-
was read the third time and amend-
. Miller moved for its indefinite
ment, which was negatived—76 to
e bill was then passed, by a vote of
and ordered to be engrossed.
House resolved itself into a committee
hole, Mr. Love in the Chair, on the
epeal the act of 1819, creating a fund
nal improvement, and establishing a
or the management thereof; and after
rable debate, the committee rose and
d that it is inexpedient to pass the
ill, and recommend its rejection.
report was concurred in—73 to 51.
ion of Mr. Donoho, the further con-
ion of the bill was postponed indefi-
Yeas 71, Nays 51.

Thursday, Dec. 22.
W. W. Jones presented a bill to make
propriation for clearing out the flats be-
lmington.
Spruill, from the select committee on
ject, reported that it is inexpedient
lish a Penitentiary at this time.
Swain presented the petition of John
ge of Fayetteville, stating he is about
lish a Map of the State, and asking for
of 5,000 dollars to enable him to ef-
e work. Referred to a select commit-

bill to authorize the building of a toll
over the river Cape Fear, and to in-
rate a company for that purpose, and
ll authorizing the Trustees of the Salis-
Academy to raise, by way of lottery,
00, were ordered to be enrolled. They
erefore laws.

Friday, Dec. 23.
. Donoho, from the committee on Inter-
improvement, to whom a resolution of
ouse on the subject was referred, report-
bill directing the Board of Internal Im-
ment to make contracts with such per-
as may hereafter undertake any of the
improvements in this state, and to take
and security for the performance of the

Saturday, Dec. 24.
r. Picott, from the select committee, re-
d a bill authorizing a loan to John Mac
to aid him in the publication of a Map
is State.
r. Whitehurst, a bill to repeal part of
t passed in 1818, authorizing the Coun-
courts of Craven and Cumberland to ap-
t special Justices, &c.
r. M'Millan, a bill concerning the Coun-
courts of Bladen.

Blanks for sale.

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE:

THURSDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 29, 1825.

Arrangements for a considerable addition to his business, lately compelled the Editor to make a short journey to the North, during which the paper was conducted by a friend. The Editor is now returned, and again at his post.

The present number of the Observer completes one year since the Editor assumed the management of it. Young and sanguine as he then was, he was yet not unaware that he entered on an arduous and important duty, which he could not expect to perform without the occurrence of many errors, and without paying the penalty which they are sure to incur. He has not been disappointed. Commencing his labors, however, with a fixed determination "to do what was right," to make his paper a vehicle of useful intelligence, and under no circumstances to give circulation to what could have an unhappy effect on the mind or manners of a single reader, he has persevered in this course, and now enjoys a consolation greater than the most unbounded patronage could bestow, in the reflection that he has never knowingly wronged any man; that he has, to the best of his poor ability and judgment, made the Observer a useful *news* paper, and that he has never permitted its columns to be soiled with a line which the most chaste of its fair readers might not peruse without a blush. Indeed, it has been one great object with him, and which he has pursued as far as the nature of the publication would admit, to adapt it to the taste, and render it subservient to the improvement of the minds, of this valued class of readers, of whom he flatters himself he has many. That his efforts have not been entirely unsuccessful, he hopes it is not vanity to infer from an increase of patronage which has been received.

The Editor assures the patrons of the Observer that there will be no exertion spared to render it at least as useful and interesting hereafter as it has been heretofore. He would gladly make it much more so, if he possessed either time or talents for the task. If, however, it is in his power to throw little of attractive originality into its columns, he yet can draw from the labours of others that which is most likely to please; and to do this his efforts shall be unwearied.

There is one subject on which the Editor has never troubled his patrons, but which the present is a most appropriate time to introduce to their notice. Very many of his subscribers are indebted to him for one year's subscription, forming an aggregate sum of no trifling amount, and which is necessary, not to remunerate him only, but to defray the actual expenses of the establishment. The Editor would remind them of the convenience, to say nothing of the *justice*, of settling these accounts on the 1st of January of each year; and for this purpose has enclosed a note (in manner allowed by the Post Office Department) to such subscribers as are in arrears for as long a period as one year. The Editor earnestly hopes they will not disappoint the reasonable expectation he entertains of a prompt settlement.

And now, in tendering his compliments to his readers on the approach of a New Year, he would express a wish, (the best he can frame,) that many returns of this season may still find their names on his books, without the addition of any of the words "discontinued," "insolvent," "runaway" or "dead," words with which printers are, unfortunately, too well acquainted.

It gives us real pleasure to learn from Raleigh, that notwithstanding the retirement of Mr. Fulton from the service of the State, and the little success which has heretofore attended the works of Internal Improvement in which the State has been engaged for several years past, the Legislature is by no means disposed to abandon the cause, but that there is a decided majority in favor of retaining the Board of Internal Improvements, and prosecuting with ardor some, at least, of the works of improvement.

We are rejoiced, also, to learn that permission has been granted to Judge Murphy, to raise the sum of $25,000 by lottery, to enable him to publish his proposed History of North Carolina. The Legislators who encourage works of this kind, need not fear to be asked by their constituents, "what have you done for the public good?" The answer will secure the approbation of an enlightened people.

We have made a few extracts from the ample details afforded by the Washington papers of the proceedings of Congress. Innumerable resolutions, for referring to the consideration of Committees, the propriety of innumerable measures, have been submitted to the two Houses. It would be impossible for us to notice them all, and we apprehend there are many of them in which our readers generally would feel no interest. All, however, of primary importance, we will duly lay before them.

We have published only a part of the Annual Treasury Report, which was submitted to Congress on the 22d inst. The remainder, which relates chiefly to the estimates for the ensuing year, and to the operation of the new Tariff, shall appear next week. We are pleased to observe that the Secretary proposes a reduction of the duties on tea and coffee.

The Ship Lewis, from New York, arrived at New Orleans on the 25th November ult., having on board, as passengers, Messrs. Snively, Matthews, Jarrott, and Chambers, formerly of this place.

It is feared that the sloop Express, Capt. Myers, one of Mr. Patton's line of Packets from Philadelphia to Wilmington, is lost. She sailed from Philadelphia about four weeks ago, and has not since been heard of. Mr. Patton has been singularly unfortunate in losing the vessels on this line, this being the third vessel lost since the 1st of June last.

Raleigh, December 27.

The Supreme Court commenced its Winter Term in this city, on yesterday.

The bill altering the time of the meeting of the General Assembly of this State, has passed both Houses, and is therefore a law. In pursuance to the provisions of this bill, the next Legislature will meet on the last Monday of December, 1826, Christmas day, and annually on the 2d Monday in January, thereafter.

In the House of Commons yesterday, the bill vesting the right of electing Sheriffs in the people, and the bill to enlarge the jurisdiction of Justices of the Peace, were indefinitely postponed: and in the Senate, the bill confining the practice of the Attorney General to the Supreme Court, and repealing the act creating the office of Solicitor General, so as to appoint two Solicitors for the 3d and 4th Circuits, was indefinitely postponed. *Register.*

A New Thing.—Application is about to be made to the Legislature of New York this winter to incorporate the *Printers' Bank* in New York, with a capital of $500,000. Where will they get the *ready?*—*Balt. Pat.*

The Custom House.—Some [illegible] dropped by the Editor of the Democratic Press, have led to suspicions of the management of the concerns of the Custom-Houses generally; and the following, copied from the Press of Thursday last, is of too serious a nature to be permitted to go uncontradicted. If the thing be as stated, it is high time the corrective was applied: if it be not, let the statement be decisively refuted.

Philadephia, Dec. 15.

It is now said, and confidently said, that the China Merchant who lately failed in this city, has taken, or caused to be taken, without having given the required securities, from the Custom House Stores, seventeen thousand one hundred and eighty packages!! Can this be possible? Half the amount, or one half of that half, would be scarcely credible, yet the whole amount is boldly affirmed. It is further said, we hope for the purpose of ascertaining the extent of public credulity, and not because it has any foundation in truth, that certificates, proper Custom House Certificates, were obtained to accompany the seventeen thousand packages thus taken from the Public Stores. Strange and incredible as are those rumors, yet others still more strange and incredible, are currently circulated, listened to with avidity, yea, and credited generally. There will be no end to these stories until the public, from authority, are satisfied as to the real state of things. We hope Congress will not be long before they institute an inquiry upon so liberal a scale, as not merely to embrace this case, but the whole system of collecting the revenue.—*Press.*

On this subject, the Baltimore Gazette of Saturday affords the following additional information:

"We can see no good reason why it should not be stated that the name of the Merchant who has failed is Edward Thompson, as that fact is well and generally known in Philadelphia. We also think, that justice to the respectable Collector of Philadelphia, a veteran officer of the Revolution, requires that it should be explained, as we are informed is the fact, that he is not justly chargeable with any impropriety of conduct, official or otherwise, in regard to the removal of any merchandise before the duties payable thereon were secured. The Philadelphia editors we hope will not neglect this act of justice."

[It is said that the government will lose the enormous sum of $900,000 by the failure of Mr. Thompson.]

Infallible cure for chapped lips.—Dissolve a lump of bees-wax in a small quantity of sweet oil, over a candle; let it cool, and it is ready for use. Rubbing it warm on the lips two or three times, it will effect a complete cure.

Cheap work.—Daniel Reynolds, of Ohio, offers to serve in the Legislature for three shillings per day!

MARRIED,

In this county, on Thursday evening last, Mr. George W. Tillinghast, to Miss Mary Ann Chapman, daughter of Capt. Benjamin Chapman.

DIED,

In this town, on Saturday morning last, Mr. William Goodwin, son of the late Samuel Goodwin, Esq. Comptroller of the State.

PORT OF WILMINGTON.

From our correspondent.

ARRIVED,

Brig North-Carolina, Hallett, New-York.
Brig Halcyon, Darling, New-York.
Brig Forest, Peters, New-York.
Brig Belvidere, Trycross, St. Thomas.
Brig Sarah Lee, Perry, Providence, R. I.
Brig John, Curtis, St. Vincents.
Brig William Henry, Driscol, Warren, R. I.
Brig Nancy, Goodrich, Boston.
Brig Fanny, Lubeck, Rum Key.
Brig Retrieve, Dunbar, St. Vincents.
Schooner Olive Branch, Moore, New-York.
Schooner Henry Clay, Snow, Philadelphia.
Schooner Decatur, Waters, St. Bartholemews.
Schooner John, Holman, St. Croix.
Sloop Cashier, Darling, New-York.

CLEARED,

Brig Lady Richmond, Theobald, Barbadoes.
Brig Byron, Smith, Mayagues.
Brig President Manning, Grafton, New-York.

Attention!

INDEPENDENT COMPANY.

YOU are ordered to attend a regular meeting of the Corps, on Saturday the 31st instant, at 10 o'clock A. M. in full winter uniform.

By order,

WM. LOCKE, O. S.

Fayetteville, Dec. 28, 1825.—47-1t

Sugar and Coffee.

THE subscribers have just received by the late arrivals, which they offer for sale—
10 Hhds. prime Porto Rico SUGAR,
21 Bags Green Cuba COFFEE.

WILLKINGS & CO.

Dec. 28, 1825. 47—tf

Fayetteville Academy.

THE School Committee appointed by the Police, give notice, that the exercises in the Academy will commence on Monday, the second day of January next. The Male department will be under the direction of Mr. Andrew W. Gay—the Female department under the direction of Miss Harriet B. Mayhew.

Parents and Guardians are referred to the members of the Committee, for any information they may desire.

Dec. 28, 1825. 47

PRICES CURRENT.

Corrected weekly, by a Committee of Merchants.

MERCHANDISE.		Qua'ty rated.	From D. C.	To. D. C
Beef, Fresh in Market	-	lb.	4	
Beef, Northern	-	bbl.	7 50	8
Brandy, Cogniac,	-	gallon.	1 25	1 60
Apple, in dem'd	-	do.		50
Peach,	-	do.	50	60
Bacon, - -	-	lb.		7½
Beeswax -	-	do.	30	32
Butter, -	-	do.	12½	15
Bagging	-	yard,	21	25
Coffee, Prime Green,	-	lb.	21	22
2d qual.	-	do		19
Candles, Mould,	-	do	14	15
Spermaceti,	-	do		34
Cotton,	-	do		12½
Corn, -	-	bushel	65	70
Copperas	-	lb.	4½	5
Flax -	-	do	15	18
Flaxseed, Rough,	-	bushel		90
Flour Sup. scarce	-	barrel.	5½	
Fine, do.	-	do	5	
Fish, Herrings	-	do	4 00	4½
Mullet	-	do	6 00	
Feathers -	-	lb.	35	
Gin, Holland, -	-	gallon,	90	1 25
Country, -	-	do	43	45
Ginger .	-	lb.	6	10
Glass, Amer. 8 by 10	-	50 feet	4 00	5 00
10 by 12	-	do	5 00	6 00
Bottles	-	groce	11	12
Hides, Buenos Ayres,	-	lb.		
West India,	-	do		
Iron, - -	-	100 lb.	5½	5¾
Indigo, Bengal	-	lb.	3 50	
Flotant	-	do	3 50	
Lime, - -	-	cask,	2 25	2 50
Lard .	-	lb.	7	8
Leather, Skirting	-	do	30	35
Sole	-	do	28	30
Bridle	-	side	3 00	4 00
Lead, Bar	-	lb.	10	11
Logwood -	-	100 lb.	2 50	3
Molasses, -	-	gallon,	50	
Nutmegs .	-	lb.	2 50	3 00
Nails, cut, Assorted	-	do	7	8
Wrought	-	do	18	20
Nankeens, Blue	-	piece,	1 40	
Yellow	-	do	60	65
Shingles	-	1000	1 50	2 00
Oats, .	-	bush	35	40
Oil, Curriers	-	barrel.	18 00	20 00
Linseed	-	gallon.	80	1 00
Pork -	-	barrel.	8 00	9 00
Porter London,	-	dozen,	3 50	
Philadelphia,	-	do	2 50	3 00
Pepper, -	-	lb.	21	22
Pimento, -	-	do	30	
Plaster Paris,	-	ton	7 50	10 00
Powder, Duponts,	-	Keg,	7 50	8
Others,	-	do	5	7 50
Paints, White Lead	-	do	3 50	4 00
Spanish Brown	-	do		
Yellow Ochre	-	do	2 50	
Rum, Jamaica,	-	gallon,	1 00	1 25
Wind. Island.	-	do		
New-England,	-	do		50
Rice, - -	-	100 lb.	3 50	4 00
Raisins .	-	box,	2 50	3 50
Rags .	-	lb.	2	6
Shot, -	-	Bag,		3
Sugar, Mus. Prime,	-	100 lb.	12½	14
Common,	-	do	11	12
Loaf, .	-	lb.	23	25
Salt, Liverpool,	-	bush.		1 00
Turks Island,	-	do	70	80
St. Ubes, &c.	-	do		
Salts, Epsom	-	lb.	25	30
Glauber	-	do	6½	
Steel, American	-	do	8	9
E. Blistered	-	do	16	18
German	-	do	17	18
Salt-Petre .	-	do	12	15
Tallow, -	-	do	8	9
Tea, Imp. and Gunp.	-	do	1 50	1 75
Hyson, .	-	do	1 20	1 20
Tobacco, Leaf,	-	100 lb.	4	5
Manufactured,	-	do	5 00	20
Tin, ⅓ x -	-	box	16 00	18 00
Verdigrs, -	-	lb.	66	
Wheat, -	-	bush.	1	1 25
Whiskey, . -	-	gallon,	40	42½
Wine, Madeira, L. P.	-	do	2 50	4
Sicily Madeira,	-	do	1 25	150
Teneriffe,	-	do	1 25	150
Port,	-	do	2 00	3 25
Malaga	-	do	80	

Storage of Cotton.

J. F. & JOHN LIPPITT,

WILL receive Cotton on Storage, at their Warehouses in Fayetteville or Campbellton.

Dec. 28, 1825. 47—tf

J. F. & John Lippitt,

Have just received for sale,

12 hhds. prime Muscovado Sugar,
10 do. do. Retailing Molasses.

Dec. 29, 1825. 47—tf

Notice.

THE subscriber, at December Term of Cumberland county court of pleas & quarter sessions, 1825, qualified as administrator to the estate of Winifred Murchison, dec'd: do hereby notify all those indebted to said estate, to make immediate payment of the same, and those having claims against said estate, to present them properly authenticated according to law, within the time prescribed by act of Assembly.

JOHN MURCHISON, Adm'r.

Fayetteville, December 28, 1825—47—4t

Notice.

ALL persons having receipts for flour inspected at the public warehouse in Fayetteville, will present the same before the first of March, 1826.

JOHN MURCHISON, Inspector.

Fayetteville, December 28, 1826—47—4t

Hillsborough Academy.

BOYS commencing the Latin Grammar will be received the next session, but no one to study English exclusively. Those who are advanced in the Languages, will, after a strict examination, be classed according to this Scholarship. We decline admitting students, who are, at this time, qualified to enter the Freshman Class in the University of North-Carolina, as our scheme of studies extends no further than to a thorough preparation of our pupils for admission into this Class, at the opening of the session in July. The school will go into operation again on the 16th of January.

JOHN ROGERS, Principal.

December 26, 1825—47-4t

Notice.

ON the 10th day of January next, at the usual place, will be hired, the Negroes belonging to Elizabeth, Farquher, Sarah, and Nancy Campbell, minor heirs of James Campbell, dec'd. at which time and place, all those having them hired the present year, are required to have them present, clothed agreeable to contract.

Also, will be rented for one year or more, the Lands belonging to the said minors—the terms made known on the day of hiring.

JOHN HODGES, *Guardian.*

Dec. 28, 1825. 47-2t

Further Notice.

AT the same time and place, the Lands belonging to Mrs. J. Bohannan, lying about two miles from Fayetteville, on the East side of Cape-Fear river, will be rented as above.

JOHN HODGES, *Agent.*

Tickets only Twelve Dollars

IN THE

GRAND STATE LOTTERY

Of Maryland—the drawing of which will take place in the city of Baltimore, on the

15th February next,

and the whole to be completed on that day, under the superintendence of the Commissioners appointed by the Governor and Council.

HIGHEST PRIZE

100,000 DOLLARS!

the immense magnitude of which, and the brilliancy of the other numerous Capitals combined with the very low rate of the Tickets, have caused a most unexampled demand from every part of the Union, and they are already becoming scarce.—Distant Adventurers should therefore forward their orders without delay in order to secure chances for the Prizes contained in the following

SPLENDID SCHEME:

1 prize of	100,000	is	100,000
1	30,000		30,000
1	20,000		20,000
1	10,000		10,000
1	5,000		5,000
15	1,000		15,000
10	500		5,000
50	100		5,000
100	50		5,000
100	20		2,000
500	12		6,000
10500	10		105,000

11280 PRIZES. $308,000

The whole payable in *Cash*, and which, as usual at *Cohen's Office*, can be had the *moment they are drawn.*

Whole Tickets $12 00 | Quarters $3 00
Halves 6 00 | Eighths 1 50

To be had, in the greatest variety of Numbers, at

Cohen's

LOTTERY AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,
114 Market street, Baltimore.

Where more Capital Prizes have been obtained than at any other Office in America.

*** Orders from any part of the United States, by mail (post paid) or by private conveyance, enclosing the Cash or Prizes in any of the Lotteries, will meet the same prompt and punctual attention as if on personal application, addressed to

J. I. COHEN, Jr. & BROTHERS—*Baltimore.*

☞Distant Adventurers may at all *times* with confidence, forward their remittances to *Cohen's Office*, for if their orders should arrive too late, the amount enclosed will be returned by the first mail, or will be invested in the most advisable scheme then on hand.

Baltimore, December 20, 1825—47-1F

$100 Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber at Tallahassee, about the 30th July last. a negro man named

ESSEX,

about 35 years old, light complexion for a negro, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches in height, stout made, cross eyed, lame in one leg, occasioned by a burn when small, a piece of one ear cut off, (believed to be the right) has a small foot, and a down look when spoken to. It is possible he may have obtained forged papers for the purpose of passing as free. All persons are forbid harboring him under the severest penalties of the law.

The fellow originally came from the neighborhood of Deep River, North-Carolina, and was sold to me by Gen. John Brahan of Huntsville, Alabama. I am inclined to believe he has shaped his course to North-Carolina, and that he is somewhere in that state at this time. I will give the above reward for said negro Essex, if delivered to me at Demopolis, Murengo county, Alabama, or to Major R. Lewis, Tallahassee; or fifty dollars for his apprehension and confinement in any jail in the United States, so that I can obtain him. Any information by letter, addressed to Maj. R. Lewis, Tallahassee, Florida, will be thankfully received.

CHRISTOPHER C. STONE.

Tallahassee, Florida, Nov. 16, 1825.—47-6t

Hillsborough Female Seminary.

THE First Session of this Institution closed on the 17th ult. at which time an approved Examination of the pupils was sustained in the presence of the School Committee. the exercises of this Seminary will be resumed on Thursday the 12th of January next. Competent Instructors will be in readiness, at that time to meet the wishes of those Parents and Guardians who may commit their Children to our care, with a view to their instruction, in either the useful or ornamental branches of Female Education.——The Superintendant, deeply impressed with the importance of rightly training those who are now the daughters, but are shortly to be the wives and mothers of the community, pledges himself, as before, to exercise a parental watchfulness over his pupils, and to give such direction to the instructions of the Seminary, as shall adapt them to the eternal as well as temporal interests of those committed to his care.

Every thing taught shall be taught thoroughly and with a view to practical life. And although the lighter gratifications of female education, usually called "accomplishments" shall be attended to in their proper place and measure, yet the chief aim of the Instructor shall be to fit their pupils for *usefulness*, by inculcating, both by precept and example, *moderation, forbearance. good temper, self-control* and the *morality of the Gospel.*

To Parents and Guardians at a distance, who may commend their children to his attention, the Superintendant engages to provide them with board, in families convenient to the Academy, and where all due attention will be paid to their morals, their manners, and their comfort.

Terms of Tuition at the usual rates. Board can be obtained in the most respectable families at $10 per month, including wood, washing, candles, &c.

W. M. GREEN, Superintendant.

Hillsborough, Dec. 1, 1825—45—4t

Lawrenceville Female Academy.

MRS. THURMAN, respectfully informs her friends and the public, that her Second Session will commence the first Monday in January, 1826, for the Education of Females, in all the various, useful and ornamental branches, necessary to accomplish Young Ladies. Every attention will be paid to the morals and deportment of pupils, and every effort used to advance their improvement.—Terms, Board and Tuition $40 per session, each pupil furnishing a blanket and two towels.

Laurenceville is a healthy situation, with good water, &c. Mrs. T. refers Parents and Guardians to Rev'ds Peacock and Christian, and Mr. Angus Chisholm of this county, and Capt. Caleb Alexander, of Cabarras.

Montgomery county, N. C. Dec. 1. 1825—45—3t

Map of North Carolina.

THIS desirable Work, which has been unavoidably delayed, is now progressing, and will probably be completed in the course of the ensuing winter. Those gentlemen who have been kind enough to undertake the correction of the Maps of their respective counties, and who have not yet found it convenient to do so, are respectfully solicited to give the matter a moment of their attention as soon as may be convenient.

From the specimens of correctness which those Maps that have been received in most instances afford, the public may be assured that a more correct Map of the State will be obtained by the means pursued than by any other that could have been adopted. In many instances entire Maps of the different counties have been made out with great labour, and no doubt with as much accuracy.

To those gentlemen from whom the corrected Maps have been received, the subscriber begs leave to return his grateful acknowledgments.

JOHN MAC RAE.

Fayetteville, Sept. 20, 1825—33 f

North Carolina Telegraph.

THE Editor of the North Carolina Telegraph gives information to all concerned, that he expects the publication of his paper to commence the first week in January next. Those persons holding subscription papers are requested to make returns of Subscribers' names, at the farthest, by the 15th of December. Papers directed to the Post Office in Fayetteville, by private conveyance or by mail, will will be duly attended to.

The Editor would do injustice to his own feelings not to express his warmest gratitude for the liberal encouragement he has already received. If any thing were wanting to confirm his conviction of the necessity and importance of such a publication, the patronage he has received from all classes of society and from every part of the State would certainly do it.

It is hoped that all who wish to possess the paper from its commencement will immediately send in their names, either by giving them to those who have proposals, or by leaving them with any Post Master who will forward them. The present expectation is, to publish in pamphlet form, containing 16 pages a week, making a volume of 832 pages a year; so that those who take the work from its commencement, may file away for future usefulness a greater mass of religious, political, and literary intelligence than can, perhaps, be collected in any other way, with so little expense.

Ministers of the Gospel throughout the State are requested to make known to their congregations the anticipated commencement of this paper, and to encourage all who wish to subscribe to do it without delay.

It is believed that if those who have already taken a deep interest in this object were respectively to exert their influence a little farther, that a subscription sufficiently large would be obtained to ensure the continuance of a Journal so much needed. Upon this influence the Editor confidently calculates, and promises his best exertions to meet the public expectation.

Fayetteville, Nov. 23—42.

☞The Editors of the Catawba Journal, Western Carolinian, Hillsborough Recorder, Raleigh Register, Raleigh Star, Milton Gazette, Newbern Sentinel, and Wilmington Recorder, are respectfully requested to publish the above *once.*

Real Estate for Sale.

ON Monday the sixteenth day of January next, will be sold, at Public Auction, without reserve, in the Town of Cheraw, *TWO HOUSES and LOTS,* in said Town, viz: part of Lot No. 2, lying on Front street, containing fifty-two feet front, running back the whole width, 300 feet, uniting with 50 feet which fronts on Church street, on which is a comfortable Dwelling House, with three rooms below stairs, handsomely finished, a Kitchen, Smoke-House, and an excellent Well of Water; this is a good stand for business, and well worthy the attention of those who wish to locate themselves in Cheraw.

Also, that well situated Store House and Lot on Market street, containing fifty feet front, back one hundred and fifty feet; the improvements are a neat well finished Store House, thirty four feet long and twenty two wide, a neat Counting Room, a Shed thirty-four feet by twelve wide, a Cotton Shed and Ware Room, all in complete order and new. The terms of sale will be liberal, and made known on the day of sale. The titles to this property are undoubted, the same being conveyed to me in trust by James Townes, of Fayetteville, for certain purposes therein expressed.

ROBERT STRANGE, *Trustee.*

November 15, 1825—42—tds

Blanks for sale here,
Printing, generally, executed.

B. OLIVER & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL STORE.

THE Subscriber having connected himself with McCAULEY & COCHRAN, Commission Merchants of Philadelphia, under the firm of *B. OLIVER & CO.* for the purpose of carrying on extensively in this place the MERCANTILE BUSINESS, and to that end have purchased, and is now receiving, at their Store a few doors above the Lafayette Hotel, on Hay Street, a large and general assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.

Purchased principally for Cash, in Philadelphia and New York, on the best terms, which will enable them to sell here at reduced prices. They therefore invite the public in general, and country dealers in particular, to call and examine their Stock of Goods before they purchase elsewhere.

B. OLIVER.

Their Goods consist, in part, of the following Articles:

Common, fine, and superfine Broad Cloths and Cassimers
Blue, mixed, striped, & Safford fine blue Satinetts
Caroline and Circassian Plaids
Point and Rose Blankets
Flannels and Baize
A large lot of Negro Clothing
Plain and figured Bombazetts, of different colors
Gentlemen's Camlet and Plaid Cloaks, ready made
Ladies' Circassian do do
Corduroy and Bang-up Cords
Casimere Shawls and Points
Merino Shawls and Points
Canton and Mandarin Crapes and Robes
Italian Crapes, of different colors
Levantine, Sarsenet, Persian, and Italian Silks
Black and shaded Gros de Naples
Black figured Gros de Ta.
Barege, Love, Damask, Mandarin, Fancy Plaid, and other Handkerchiefs
Bandana, Silk, children's Chappa, English, and German Flag Handkerchiefs
Black Silk Velvets and Satins
Merseilles, Swansdown, Patriotic Eagle, and other Vestings
French, Grecian, Power Loom, Super Fancy Scarlet and Bolivar Stripe Prints
Tamboured, Loom sewed, plain and figured Mull and Jaconet Muslins
Plain and figured Book and Cambric Mull and Swiss Muslins
Cotton, Worsted, and Silk Hosiery
Waist, Lutestring, stamped, feathered edge and rich figured Satin Ribbons
Swiss and Mull Muslin Robes, bordered and richly flounced
Long Lawn, Thread, and Imitation Cambric
Curls, Head Ornaments, Wreaths, and Artificial Flowers
Irish Linen, Diaper, and Steam Loom Shirtings
Holland Buckram and Paddings
Bolivar Silk Stripe, a new and elegant article
Men's Beaver, Buck, and Woodstock Gloves
Ladies' Kid York tan, black and white Silk do.
Tortoise tuck and side Combs
Mock tuck, long, and side do.
Brown & bleached Sea Island Shirting & Sheetings
Domestic Plaid, Ginghams, and Bed Tickings
Straw and Leghorn Bonnets
Men's common and Beaver Hats
Do. black and white Wool do.
Men's coarse Brogans, Monroe, Cordevan, and Wax calf skin Shoes and Shoetees
Ladies' Leather, Seal Skin, Morocco, Prunel, and Valencia Shoes and Pumps
Whitemore's Cotton and Wool Cards
Cotton Bagging, Rope and Twine.

GROCERIES.

Coffee & Sugar. Young Hyson & Gunpowder Tea.
Pepper, Ginger, and Spice.
American and Swedish Iron, and Share Moulds
American and English Blistered Steel
Window Glass, 8 x 10 and 10 x 12
Cut Nails. Dupont's Gunpowder
Spanish Brown. White and Red Lead.
Glauber and Epsom Salts
Alum, Starch, and Nutmegs
Country and Holland Gin, and French Brandy

Together with a large assortment of

Hardware, Cutlery, & Hollow Ware.

Fayetteville, Nov. 23—42-tf

Bonnets, &c.

30 CASES Straw Bonnets
2 do Leghorn do
10 do Cotton Cards
5 do Wool do
5 do Fur Hats
5 do Wool do
20 Crates Crockery, assorted

With a general assortment of *DRY GOODS,* just received and for sale low by

E. E. LEWIS & Co.

December 13, 1825—45tf

Leather.

A CONSTANT supply of different kinds of Leather, kept on hand, viz:—

Skirting, first quality
Sole Leather
Calf Skins
Kip do
Buff Horse Hides
Padding and Lining Skins
Colored Morocco, &c. &c.

For Sale by

WILLIAMS & FENN.

Fayetteville, Dec. 14, 1825—45tf

C. & P. MALLETT,

HAVE just received and are now opening their *WINTER SUPPLY OF GOODS;* consisting of a very general assortment of—

Crockery, China and Glass, Dry Goods, Hardware and Cutlery, Bagging, Rope and Twine, Brown, Loaf and Lump Sugar, Tea and Coffee, Madaiera, L. P. Teneriffe, Sherry Muscat and Malaga Wines, Jamaica Rum, French Brandy, Holland Gin, N. E. Rum, Country Brandy and Whiskey, two Tons Castings, consisting of Pots, Ovens, Skillets, Spiders, Tea Kettles and Wagon Boxes, thirty thousand pounds of Swedes Iron, from 1-4 inch, 5 inch flat, and 1-2 to 1-4 square, two thousand pounds of Steel, (assorted,) two thousand bushels Alum Salt; which together with many other scarce and valuable articles, they offer to the public at *Wholesale* or *Retail,* on moderate terms for cash or country produce.

Fayetteville, Dec. 12, 1825—45tf

For Sale,

32 Dozen Gentlemen's fine *HATS,* from No. 1 to 6; all of which are of the latest fashions, and will be sold low, at wholesale or retail.

ALSO,

200 Wool Hats,
Pieces Cotton Bagging,
Bbls. Loaf Sugar,
Boxes Cotton Cards,
Bags Shot,
White Lead,

Bleached and unbleached Sheetings & Shirtings, and a general assortment of *Hardware and Cutlery.*

ESEK ARNOLD.

Nov. 29, 1825—43-6m

Boots and Shoes.

THE Subscriber is now receiving his Fall Supply of *BOOTS & SHOES,* which are offered at Wholesale or Retail, at a small advance.

H. G. NELSON.

Oct. 26th.—38-tf.

NEW GOODS.

THE subscriber returns his grateful acknowledgments to those who have heretofore patronized him, and announces to the public generally, that he is now receiving a splendid assortment of

British, French and American Goods,

consisting of almost every article in the Dry Good line which is adapted to the market; the goods have been bought at the New-York auctions with the utmost care to be cheap and desirable, they will therefore be sold either by wholesale or retail at very reduced prices. Country dealers are invited to call and examine them—they are as follows, viz :—

Extra super. blue and black Cloths
Super. blue, black, brown, olive, mixed, claret and drab cloths
Blue, brown, and claret ladies' cloths
Blue, black, and mixed Cassimeres and Sattinets
Red, green, and white Flannels
Green Serge and Baize
Camlet, and Scotch Plaid
Caroline Plaids (a variety)
Camlet and Plaid Cloaks
Ladies' Plaid Cloaks
Black and colored Bombazetts (new style)
Supr. black Bombazines, Rattinets, &c.
Black Circassian and Denmark Satteen
Rose and point Blankets
Lambs Wool and Worsted Hose
Irish nett negro Hose, Mittens and Frocks
Toilanett, Swansdown, Valentia, Marseilles and Bolivar silk Vestings
Plain and bordered Cashmere Shawls and Scarfs
Merino Hdkfs, and Points
Rich black figured silks (a variety)
Do. fashionable ombre Gros de Naples
Do. do. striped black habit Sattins
Do. do. plaid cloak do.
Black, white and green Sarsnets
Do and colored Mandarine Crape Robes
Rich fancy silk Handkerchiefs and Zephyrs
Blk. and white silk Hose and Gloves
Blk Barceiona and Bandana Hdkfs.
Blk. silk Lace, and white crape Liece
Fancy daisy silk Buttons, Leaves and Frogs
Gimps, a great variety
Silk and Cotton Umbrellas
White and green Gauze Veils
Black and colored sewing silk
Feather edge, embossed, and shaded garniture Ribbons
Black taffeta and belt Ribbons
Silk and tabby Velvet
Cashmere Shawls and Hdkfs.
Superior Ginghham Cravating
Fancy Cambrick Prints, (a variety and newest style)
3-4 & 4-4 furniture Chintz
Plain and figured Jaconet Muslins
Swiss muslin Points
Plain and plaid Cambric Muslins
Bordered Jaconet Cravats
Plain and figured Swiss Muslins
Do. and do. book do.
Inserting Trimmings—a splendid assortment
Mull Muslins and Scotch Lawn
3-4 and 5-4 Cambric Dimities
Linen Cambrics and long Lawns
Supr. and low priced Linens—a variety
Brown Linen Cambric, for Calashes
Thread and Bobbinet Laces and Edgings
4-4 Bobbinet Lace
6-4 and 8-4 table Diaper
Bird Eye and Russia do.
Cotton Cords and Tapes
Black and white-brown patent Thread
Cotton Balls and Spools
Damask cotton Shawls and chintz Handkerchiefs
Imitation Carolina and blue Plaids
3-4, 4-4 and 5-4 apron Checks
Unbleached Shirtings and Sheetings
Nett and webb slide Suspenders
Leghorn, Gipsy and Bolivar Bonnets
Straw do. and Misses do.
Men's fashionable water proof Hats
Lafayette prunel Shoes and Bootees
Morocco broadstrap Shoes and Bootees
Cotton Bagging and Hessians
Whittimore's No. 10 cotton Cards
Phosphorus pocket Lights, pocket Pistols, Scissars, Pen Knives, &c. &c.
Ladies' beaver and York tan Gloves
Men's Dog Skin do.
Also, a quantity of Men's Saddles
Foolscap and Letter Paper; Paste Boards.

JOHN McARN.

Fayetteville, December 1, 1825—43tf

Molasses, Sugar, &c.

Just received by Steam boat North Carolina,

THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES;

40 Casks Stone Lime,
20 Barrels Apple Brandy,
10 hhds. Brown Sugar,
20 do. Molasses,
2 pipes Holland Gin,
5 barrels Mackerel,
10 do. Superior Ale,
2 do. Lime Juice,
10 do. Superior Cider, for bottling,
India Matting,
Gilt Setting Chairs,

For Sale by WILLKINGS & CO.

June 15—19-tf

James Kyle

HAS received, by the late arrivals from N. York, a large and general assortment of new and elegant GOODS, among which are,

Rich Shaded and figured Gros de Naples Silks
Do plain do do
Superior black Nankin Crape
Do do Canton do
Nankin and Canton Crape Robes
Mandarin Crapes, black and coloured
An elegant assortment of Ribbons
Merino square and long Shawls, some very superior
Cassimere Shawls and Points
7-8 and 4-4 Irish Linen, in half and whole pieces
Blue and black Cloths and Cassimeres
Superior Shaded Calico, and common do.
Gimps, Frogs and Daisey Buttons
Superior Flag and Bandana Handkerchiefs
3-4 4-4 5-4 & 6-4 bleached & unbleached Domestic
Plaid and Camlet Cloaks, for Ladies and Gentlemen

With many other articles in the DRY GOODS, GROCERY, HARDWARE, & QUEENSWARE line, all of which are offered at unusually low prices, by Wholesale or Retail.

Fayetteville, Sept. 20, 1825—tf

James Kyle

HAS just received, by the late arrivals from New York—

Bolting Cloths, No. 2, to 8.
Super. blue and black cloth (very cheap).
Do. do. do. Cassimere.
Blue and black Cassinet, assorted.
Flag and Bandanna Handkerchiefs
Merino and Cassimere Shawls.
Irish Linens, Lawns and Diapers, well assorted.
Whitmore's cotton Cards, No. 8, 9, & 10.
Osnaburgs, 3-4 & 4-4.
Superior fur Hats, black, drab and white.
Negro Cloths and Blankets.

With many other articles too numerous to mention—all of which were lately purchased at the package sales in New-York. Country merchants and others, may expect great bargains.

Fayetteville, Dec. 7, 1825.—44-124F.

Port Wine,

10 Doz. Superior Quality, (warranted genuine.)

M'NEILL & KIRKLAND.

April 20, 1825—114

FALL GOODS.

J. & S. BIRDSALL

HAVE just received, and are now opening, an *Extensive Assortment* of NEW AND SEASONABLE GOODS, which they offer for sale on the lowest terms for Cash, either at wholesale or retail. Among the assortment are,

Extra Super London blue, black, and fashionable olive Cloths.
Do do black and blue Cassimeres.
Fine and common Cloths, all colours.
Double milled drab Great Coating.
Do do Lionskin do.
Sattinets, blue, black, and Oxford mixed.
Vestings, Toilanett, Swansdown, and Silk.
Flannels, white, red, green, and yellow.
Do Figured scarlet Pelise.
Baizes, Green Bocking and Drapery, 5-4 to 7-4
Blankets, Rose and Point
Bombazetts, plain and figured, all colours
Black Bombazine, 5-8 and 3-4, super super
Linseys, 5-4, high coloured stripes.

Hosiery: Lambs' Wool, gentlemen's white & col'd; Do do half hose; Worsted, gentlemen's and ladies' black white and coloured; Cotton do do do

Shawls: Cassimere, plain and printed, all colours; Prussian and Braganza do; Merino and Canton Crape; Cotton and imitation 4-4 to 8-4

Cashmere Long Shawls
Irish Linens, in whole and half pieces
Diapers, 3-4 to 10-4, Table
Shirtings, 3-4 and 4-4, Steam Loom
Cambrics and Jaconetts, plain, figured and checked

Calicoes: common and superfine, new patterns; Furniture do do

Mourning and London Prints do
Muslins, mull mull, book and Swiss, fig'd and plain
Laces, Thread and Bobinett
Lace Veils and Edgings

Crapes: Black Canton and Nankin; Do and white Italian; Do Hat do

Silks: India Taffetas, black, blue and green; Do Sarsnets and Levantines, black; Italian and Gros de Naples do; Do do figured do; Do white and ombre Shades, all colours

Ribbons: plain Taffetas and Satin, all colours; elegant feathered Scio do

Silk Hosiery, gentlemen's and ladies black & white

Gloves: Ladies' Kid, Silk and Beaver; Gent'n's Beaver, Woodstock and Buckskin

Furniture Fringes
Shell Combs, large and small
Imitation do. and Ivory
Cravats, black silk, plain and figured
Bandanna and Flag Handkerchiefs
Silk Hkfs, Ladies' fancy and black crape
Clothes and hair Brushes
Ticklinburgs, Osnaburgs and Duck
200 reams Foolscap and Letter Paper

DOMESTIC GOODS.

Shirtings, brown and bleached, 3-4 to 4-4
Sheetings, do do 4-4 to 6-4
Plaids and Indigo Checks
Cotton and Wool Cards, Whittimore's genuine
Hats, fine and coarse.

GROCERIES.

Imperial and Gunpowder / Hyson and Young Hyson } TEA.
Pepper and Spice
London Mustard
Indigo and Salt Petre
Bunch Raisins, in half boxes.

LIQUORS.

Cogniac or French Brandy
Holland Gin
Madeira, L. P. old
Sicily do
Teneriffe do } WINES.
Malaga do
Old Port, in bottles

Fayetteville, Oct. 19, 1825—37-tf

J. F. & John Lippitt

Offer for Sale,

1500 Bushels Salt
75 bbls. Muscovado Sugar
125 bags Coffee
20 hhds. Molasses
20 bbls. Loaf and Lump Sugar
20 bags Pepper
10 bags Spice
15 bags Ginger
20 tons Iron
150 kegs cut Nails and Brads
German Blistered and Cast Steel
Cotton and Wool Cards
Wool Machine Cards
Indigo, Madder, Copperas, Alum, Logwood, and other Dye Stuffs
As usual, an assortment of Patent Medicines and Paints, dry and in Oil.

October 26—38-tf

H. G. NELSON

Offers for sale, in addition to his former Stock,

50 pair Men's fine Calf Boots
400 do do do do Shoetees
300 do do Kipskin do
250 do Boys' do do
400 do Men's fine Calf Shoes
350 do do Kipskin do
750 do do lined and bound Shoes
300 do Boys' do do do
700 do Men's thick Brogans
1000 do do do Shoes
200 do Boys' do do
500 do Ladies' Mor. strapped Walking Shoes
700 do do do Lace do do
400 do do do heeled Pumps
500 do do do spring heeled Pumps
500 do Children's Morocco Boots
750 do Women's Leather welted Shoes
350 do do do Pumps
600 do Children's Bootees and Shoes.

ALSO,

500 WOOL HATS,
20 boxes Shaving Soap,
60 Packing Trunks
Cotton Cards, Shoe Thread, &c. &c.

November 15, 1825—41-tf

100 Sides of Sole Leather
150 do. upper do.
10 doz. Morocco Skins
15 do. Lining do.

Just received and for sale by

H. G. NELSON.

December 7, 1825.—44tf

CASH paid for *DRY and GREEN HYDES,*

By H. G. NELSON.

December 7, 1825.—44tf

David Stephenson

HAS removed to the Store, lately occupied by Messrs. J. Snively & Co. on Hay Street, opposite the Layfayette Hotel.

September 14.—32tf

Williams & Fenn

HAVE removed to the Store, lately occupied by David Stephenson, on Person Street, a few doors west of the Cape Fear Bank.

September 14—32tf

A Tobacco Factory

THAT valuable Factory and Lot of ... sted at Lower Fayetteville, ... Tobacco Warehouses, boiking ... geous and lucrative employment ... quainted with manufacturing T... ings are spacious and convenient, ... forming an L, each wing fifty ... wide, with convenient rooms for ... co. This valuable Factory is offered ... derate terms, and on a long credit ... ticulars apply at the Auction Store of

WILLKINGS & ...
J. M. DO...
WM. CA...

May 18, 1825—15-tf.

Land for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale ... of Land, lying on the northeast ... Fear river, 15 miles above Fayettevi... below Averasborough, near an ex... on Silver Run. The tract, part of ... mediately on the river and is excellent ... extends from the river across the ... fording a good situation for building ... land (about 60 acres) is cleared, and ... &c. cultivated on it.

For terms of sale apply to E. J. ... ville, or to the Subscriber in Raleigh.

J. H. ...

Oct. 19—37-tf

Negroes for Sale.

SOME valuable negroes for sale, ... terms, for cash. For particulars ... Martin M'Pherson, sen.

February 2nd—100-tf

Jailer's Notice.

TAKEN up, and committed to the ... son county, N. C. a Negro Man ... name *MALCOM,* about 5 feet 6 inches ... black, has a down look when spoken ... swers very quick. He says he belongs ... Hardwick, of Chester District, S. C. ... requested to come forward, prove ... charges, and take him away, otherwise ... dealt with according to the law in such ... and provided.

THOMAS K. MORR...

October 18, 1825—38-tf

Bank Stock for Sale.

BEING about to remove from the ... for Sale, 85 Share State Bank ... Shares Cape Fear Bank Stock.

ROBERT DOS...

Fayetteville, September 27, 1825—3...

Tumblers and Decan...

THE subscribers are appointed ... South Boston South Glass Works, ... in store a general assortment of plain ... half pint and gin Tumblers, plain, ... figured pint and quart Decanters, plain ... pint and half pint Ticklers, for sale by

WILLKINGS ...

February 24—3-tf

Wholesale and Retail

Drug and Medicine Store

At the sign of the Mortar, Hay-... etteville, North-Carolina.

THE subscriber ... ceiving a ... supply of *Drugs ... cines,* also, a ... ment of *Paints, ... Stuff, Paint Brush ... Materials,* &c. &c. ... will sell on reasonable ... for cash, or approved ... Orders from the ... promptly attended ...

Prescribed Medicines carefully and ... —A few bottles of Swaim's celebrated ... *genuine.*

R. T. GOO...

Fayetteville, Dec. 7, 1825.

C. J. TOOKER,

CABINET MAKER,

BEGS leave to inform his friends, and ... in general, that having finished the ... of the State House in Raleigh, he has ... Fayetteville, at his old stand, where he ... furnish all kinds of furniture in his line ... and Chair making, at the shortest notice, ... ness and dispatch, at less prices than ... chased elsewhere, for cash or barter.

N. B. All kinds of repairing done in the ... line, at the shortest notice.

Fayetteville, Dec. 16—393tf.

Removal.

THE subscriber informs his friends, and ... lic in general, that he has removed ... Stand, formerly occupied by Mr. John ... on Person Street, a few doors East of the ... Fear Bank, and directly opposite to Messrs. ... liams & Fenn's. Where he offers for sale ... duced prices—gentlemen's and ladies' Saddles, ... Bridles, plated and common Harness, ... with a general assortment in his line, ... Wholesale or Retail. All orders from the ... shall be promptly attended to, and repairing ... at the shortest notice. G. W. McDONALD.

Fayetteville, Aug. 4, 1825—26tf.

GALES'S NORTH CAROLINA

ALMANACKS,

For the year of our Lord

1826,

For sale by the groce, dozen, or single ... the publishers' prices, by

CHARLES STU...

Fayetteville, Oct. 19—37-tf

Tanner & Currier Wanted.

AN experienced Workman, who can come ... recommended for sobriety and industry, ... receive liberal wages.

Apply at this Office.

Oct. 4—35-tf